

Wisconsin Department of Agriculture, Trade and Consumer Protection Division of Agricultural Resource Management
Bureau of Land and Water Resources
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Use this form to check nutrient management (NM) plans for compliance with the WI NRCS 2015-590 Standard.

## Nutrient Management Checklist Wis. Stat. §92.05(3) (k), Wis. Admin. Code §ATCP50.04(3) and Ch. 51

COUNTY	DATE PLAN SUBMITTED	GROWING SEASON YEAR PLAN IS WRITTEN FOR (from harvest to harvest)								
TOWNSHIP: (T. N.) RANGE: (R. E., W). CHECK ONE: Initial Plan or Updated Plan										
NAME OF FARM OPERATOR RECEIVING NM PLAN FIRST Name LastName  BUSINESS ( )			BUSINESS PH	IONE -						
STREET ADDRESS			CITY	STATE Z	IP.					
REASON THE PLAN	WAS DEVELOPED: Click and choose	<u> </u>		CROPLAND ACRES (	OWNED	) & DEN	ITED)			
	B WPDES or NOD, DATCP-FP or cost	<del>-</del> -	-cs, Other)	CHOI LAND ACKES	OVVIVLL	X NEN	VILD)			
RENTED FARM(S) LANDO	DWNER NAME(S) AND ACREAGE: add sheet(	s) if needed								
WAS THE PLAN WRITTEN		NO	If yes, which software version	n, if known?						
	LIFICATION: Click and choose. CCA, 3. SSSA-Soil Scientist, 4. DATCP approve	ed training course, 5. Other app	roved by DATCP)							
NAME OF QUALIFIED NUTRIENT MANAGEMENT PLANNER  BUSINESS PH						ONE				
First Name Last Name (				( )	-					
STREET ADDRESS			CITY	STATE	IP.					
Use header sections to a	dd comments Mark NA in the <mark>chadad</mark> sectio	ons if no manure is annlied								
Use header sections to add comments. Mark NA in the shaded sections if no manure is applied.  1. Does the plan include the following nutrient application requirements to protect surface and groundwater?										
					Yes	No	NA			
	ields and pastures. If no manure is applied, on nutrient levels from soil samples an									
b. For fields or pastures with mechanical nutrient applications, determine field nutrient levels from soil samples collected within the last 4 years according to 590 Standard (590) and UWEX Pub. A2809, Nutrient Application Guidelines for Field, Vegetable, and Fruit Crops in Wisconsin (A2809) typically collecting 1 sample per 5 acres of 10 cores. Soil tests are not required on pastures that do not receive mechanical applications of nutrients if either of the following applies:  1. The pasture average stocking rate is one animal unit per acre or less at all times during the grazing season.  2. The pasture is winter grazed or stocked at an average stocking rate of more than one animal unit per acre during the grazing season, and a nutrient management plan for the pasture complies with 590 using an assumed soil test phosphorus level of 150 PPM and organic matter content of 6%.										
c. For <b>livestock siti</b> excluding pastur either option bel 1. Assume soil te	ng permit approval, collect and ana es, within 12 months of approval ar	alyze soil samples meeting nd revise the nutrient man an 100 ppm soil test P, O	nagement plan accordingl R	y. Until then,						
	' name, boundary, acres, and locat		1 1	, ,						
e. Use the field's produced determine the cr	revious year's legume credit and/or op's nutrient <b>application rates con</b>	applications, predominal sistent with A2809 for Al	nt soil series, and realistic LL forms of N, P, and K.	yield goals to						
f. Make no winter applications of N and P fertilizer, except on grass pastures and winter grains.										
g. Document methor application.	od used to determine <b>application</b> r	ates. Nutrients shall not r	unoff during or immediate	ely after						
h. Identify in the plan that adequate acreage is available for manure produced and/or applied.										
i. Apply a single phosphorus (P) assessment using either the <b>P Index</b> or <b>soil test P</b> management strategy to all fields within a tract when fields receive manure or organic by-products during the crop rotation.										
j. Use <b>complete crop rotations</b> and the field's <b>critical soil</b> series to determine that sheet and rill erosion estimates will not exceed <b>tolerable soil loss</b> (T) rates on fields that receive nutrients.										
	duce tillage; adjust the crop rotatio ial vegetative cover to <b>prevent reo</b>			eral erosion; and						
	t applications within 8' of irrigatior									
m. Make no nutrient applications within <b>50' of all direct conduits to groundwater</b> , unless directly deposited by gleaning/pasturing animals or applied as starter fertilizer to corn.										

	Yes	No	N/	
n. Make no untreated manure applications to areas within 1000' of a community potable water well or within 100' of a non-community potable water well (ex. church, school, restaurant) unless manure is treated to substantially eliminate pathogens.				
o. Make no manure applications to areas <b>locally delineated</b> by the Land Conservation Committee or in a conservation plan as areas contributing runoff to direct conduits to groundwater unless manure is substantially buried within 24 hours of application.				
<ul> <li>p. Make no applications of late summer or fall commercial N fertilizer to the following areas UNLESS needed for establishment of fall seeded crops OR to meet A2809 with a blended commercial fertilizer. Commercial fertilizer N applications shall not exceed 36 lbs. N/acre on: <ul> <li>Sites vulnerable to N leaching PRW Soils (P=high permeability, R= bedrock &lt; 20 inches, or W= wet &lt; 12 inches to apparent water table</li> <li>Soils with depths of 5 feet or less to bedrock;</li> <li>Area within 1,000 feet of a community potable water well.</li> </ul> </li> <li>On P soils, when commercial N is applied for full season crops in spring and summer, follow A2809 and apply one of the following: <ul> <li>A split or delayed N application to apply a majority of crop N requirement after crop establishment.</li> <li>Use a nitrification inhibitor with ammonium forms of N.</li> <li>Use slow and controlled release fertilizers for a majority of the crop N requirement applied near the time of planting.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	);			
<ul> <li>q. Limit manure applications in late summer or fall using the lesser of A2809 or the following 590 rates on PRW Soils. Use ≤ 120 lbs. available N/acre on:</li> <li>P and R soils on all crops, except annual crops. Additionally, manure with ≤ 4% dry matter (DM) wait until after soil tem &lt; 50°F or Oct. 1, and use either a nitrification inhibitor OR surface apply and do not incorporate for at least 3 days.</li> <li>W soils or combo. W soils on all crops. Additionally, manure with ≤ 4% DM on all crops use at least one of the following 1. Use a nitrification inhibitor; 2. Apply on an established cover crop, an overwintering annual, or perennial crop;</li> <li>3. Establish a cover crop within 14 days of application; 4. Surface apply &amp; don't incorporate for at least 3 days;</li> <li>5. Wait until after soil temp. &lt; 50°F or Oct. 1.</li> <li>Use ≤ 90 lbs. available N/acre on:</li> <li>P and R soils on annual crops wait until after soil temp. &lt; 50°F or Oct. 1. Additionally, manure with ≤ 4% DM use either nitrification inhibitor OR surface apply and do not incorporate for at least 3 days.</li> <li>W soils or combination W soils receiving manure with ≤ 4% DM on all crops.</li> </ul>	:			
r. Use at least one of the following practices on <b>non-frozen soils for all nutrient applications</b> within Surface Water Qual Management Area <b>(SWQMA)</b> = 1000′ of lakes/ponds or 300′ of rivers: <b>1.</b> Maintain > 30% cover after nutrient application; <b>2.</b> Effective incorporation within 72 hours of application; <b>3.</b> Establish crops prior to, at, or promptly following application; <b>4.</b> Install/maintain vegetative buffers or filter strips; <b>5.</b> Have at least 3 consecutive years no-till for applications to fields with < 30% residue (silage) and apply nutrients within 7 days of planting.	ty □			
s. Limit mechanical applications to <b>12,000</b> gals/acre of unincorporated liquid manure or organic by-products with 11% less dry matter where <b>subsurface drainage</b> is present OR within <b>SWQMA</b> . Wait a minimum of 7 days between sequential applications AND use one or more of the practice options on non-frozen soils listed in 1.r.1. through 1.r.5.	or			
2. When frozen or snow-covered soils prevent effective incorporation, does the plan follow these requirements for win of all mechanically applied manure or organic by-products? This section doesn't apply to winter gleaning/pasturing meeting 590 N	and P red	quireme		
If no manure is applied, check NA for 2.a. through 2.g	Yes	No	N/	
a. Identify manure quantities planned to be spread during the winter, or the amount of manure generated in 14 days, whichever is greater. For daily haul systems, assume 1/3 of the manure produced annually will need to be winter applied.				
b. Identify manure storage capacity for each type applied and stacking capacity for manure ≥ 16% DM if permanent storage does not exist.				
c. Show on map and make no applications within the <b>SWQMA</b> .				
d. Show on map and make no surface applications of liquid manure during <b>February and March</b> where <b>Silurian dolomit</b> is within 60 inches of the soils surface OR where <b>DNR Well Compensation</b> funds provided replacement water supplies for wells contaminated with livestock manure.				
e. Show on map and make no applications of manure within 300 feet of direct conduits to groundwater.				
f. Do not exceed the P removal of the following growing season's crop when applying manure. Liquid manure applications are limited to <b>7,000 g/acre</b> . All winter manure applications are not to exceed <b>60 lbs. of P2O5/acre</b> .				
g. Make no applications of manure to fields with <b>concentrated flow channels</b> unless using two of the following:  1. Contour buffer strips or contour strip cropping;  2. Leave all crop residue and no fall tillage;  3. Apply manure in intermittent strips on no more than 50% of field;  4. Apply manure on no more than 25% of the field waiting a minimum of 14 days between applications;  5. Reduce manure app. rate to 3,500 gal. or 30 lbs. P2O5, whichever is less;  6. No manure application within 200 feet of all concentrated flow channels;  7. Fall tillage is on the contour and slopes are lower than 6%.  Make no applications to <b>slopes greater than 6%</b> (soil map units with C, D, E, and F slopes) unless the plan documents that no other accessible fields are available for winter spreading AND two of the options 2.g.1. through 2.g.5. are used.				
I certify that the plan represented by the answers on this checklist complies with Wisconsin's NRCS 2015-590 NM Standard or is o	herwise	e note	d.	
Qualified NM planner signature NAICC-Certified Professional Crop Consultant, ASA-Certified Crop Adviser, or SSSA-Soil Scientist		Date		
Qualified NM farmer-planner or Authorized farm operator signature Date Signature if reviewed for quality assurance		Date		